

Investing vs. Trading

Brian S. Wesbury – Chief Economist
Robert Stein, CFA – Dep. Chief Economist
Strider Ellass – Economist

Are you an investor or a trader? Investors think long-term, while traders focus on short-term price movements.

Trading furs, cloth, commodities, or tulips, has gone back centuries, if not millennium, but was about adding value and moving goods to markets. In other words, through trading many ran businesses that looked a great deal like investing.

The “ticker tape” allowed the trading of financial products, but after the Great Depression many wouldn’t touch stocks for decades. Now, financial market news and quotes are on TV all-day and pushed out over smartphones. This can encourage “trading” over “investing.” Or another way of saying the same thing, the short-term over the long-term.

For example, many people have zero idea what Bitcoin is, why it is needed, or what gives it value, but they are mesmerized by it nonetheless. It’s just digital scrip – an alternative to sovereign currency. It pays no dividend and isn’t widely accepted. No one knows if it will last.

In the meantime, there are monumental events taking place that get missed if one focuses on the trees and not the forest. Horizontal drilling and fracking are one of those.

Remember when the world was about to run out of natural gas and oil? Remember when the Middle East and Russia, because of their energy reserves, could dominate geopolitics?

Well, all that has changed. The US is now the world’s biggest energy producer and, by 2020, the US is likely to become a net energy exporter to the rest of the world. This explains the political upheaval in Saudi Arabia as the royal family moves slowly

toward a more free-market friendly environment. Russia faces similar forces that, in the end, will create more global stability.

Because of US supplies, Europe can become less dependent on Russian oil and natural gas. In addition, just like when Ronald Reagan was president of the US, as the pendulum swings toward less regulation, lower tax rates and smaller government, Europe must follow suit.

The combination of these developments causes stronger global economic growth, which is great news for investors.

However, the dominance of governments in recent decades, and the reporting of every utterance of Federal Reserve or foreign central bankers, creates anxiety among many investors. Some investors are worried about a flattening, or inversion, of the yield curve as the Fed tightens.

But these concerns are overdone. It’s true that an inverted yield curve signals tight money, but inversions typically don’t happen until the Fed pulls enough reserves out of the system to push the federal funds rate above nominal GDP growth. Right now, that’s about 3.5%, which means the Fed is likely at least two years away. And, the banking system is still stuffed with over \$2 trillion in excess bank reserves. Monetary policy, by definition, is not tight until those excess reserves are gone.

Focusing on trading, and not investing, misses these longer-term developments and highlights short-term fears. Patience, persistence and optimism help avoid the pitfalls of short-term thinking. The current environment will continue to reward those who stay focused on investing.

Date/Time (CST)	U.S. Economic Data	Consensus	First Trust	Actual	Previous
11-14 / 7:30 am	PPI – Oct	+0.1%	+0.1%		+0.4%
7:30 am	“Core” PPI – Oct	+0.2%	+0.2%		+0.4%
11-15 / 7:30 am	CPI – Oct	+0.1%	0.0%		+0.5%
7:30 am	“Core” CPI – Oct	+0.2%	+0.2%		+0.1%
7:30 am	Retail Sales – Oct	0.0%	+0.2%		+1.6%
7:30 am	Retail Sales Ex-Auto - Oct	+0.2%	+0.3%		+1.0%
7:30 am	Empire State Mfg Survey – Nov	25.0	20.0		30.2
9:00 am	Business Inventories - Sep	0.0%	0.0%		+0.7%
11-16 / 7:30 am	Initial Claims – Nov 11	235K	237K		239K
7:30 am	Import Prices - Oct	+0.3%	+0.7%		+0.7%
7:30 am	Export Prices - Oct	+0.4%	+0.7%		+0.8%
7:30 am	Philly Fed Survey – Nov	24.1	25.7		27.9
8:15 am	Industrial Production – Oct	+0.5%	+0.4%		+0.3%
8:15 am	Capacity Utilization – Oct	76.3%	76.2%		76.0%
11-17 / 7:30 am	Housing Starts – Oct	1.190 Mil	1.215 Mil		1.127 Mil